

FROM CODE TO CURE®

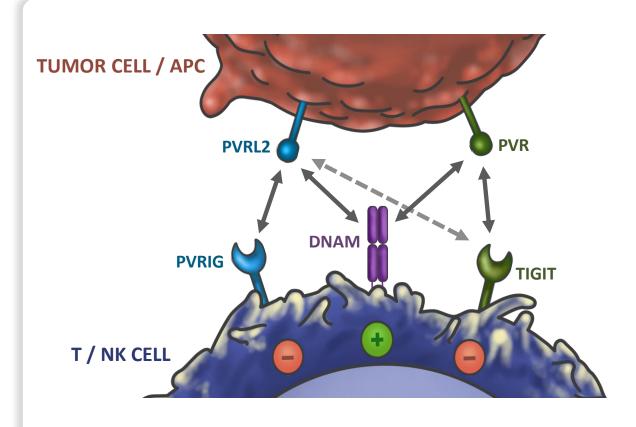
TIGIT Therapies Digital Summit Eran Ophir, VP Research & Drug Discovery December 2021

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DNAM-1 Axis Plays Essential Role in Tumor Immunology



 PVRIG binds PVRL2 as a functional ligand (TIGIT has a low affinity for PVRL2)



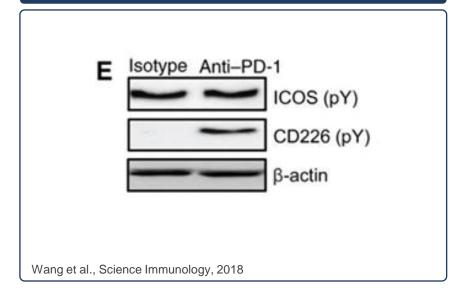
- DNAM-1 axis two parallel dominant complementary inhibitory pathways (PVRIG & TIGIT)
- TIGIT and PVRIG deliver direct inhibitory signals into T and NK cells
- TIGIT/PVRIG has higher affinity to PVR/PVRL2 than DNAM-1 (decoy effect)

Alteber et al. Cancer Discov. 2021

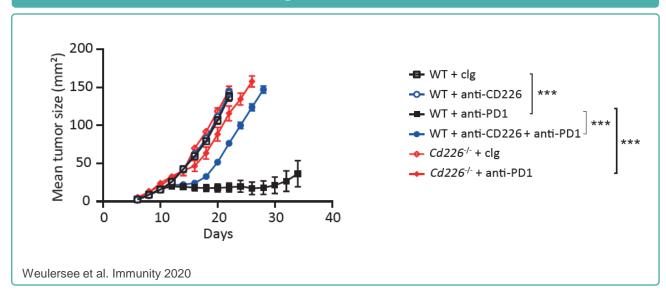


DNAM-1 Intersects with the PD-1 Pathway and is Required for In-vivo Response to PD-1 Blockade

PD-1 inhibition blocks DNAM-1 (CD226) dephosphorylation and inactivation

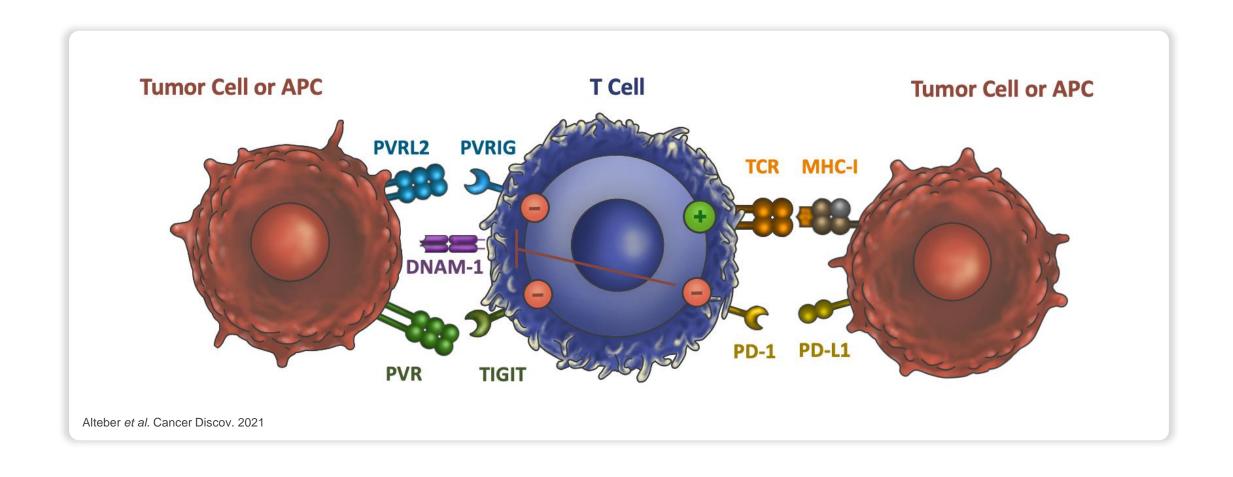


DNAM-1 KO or inhibition reverses anti-PD-1 tumor growth inhibition



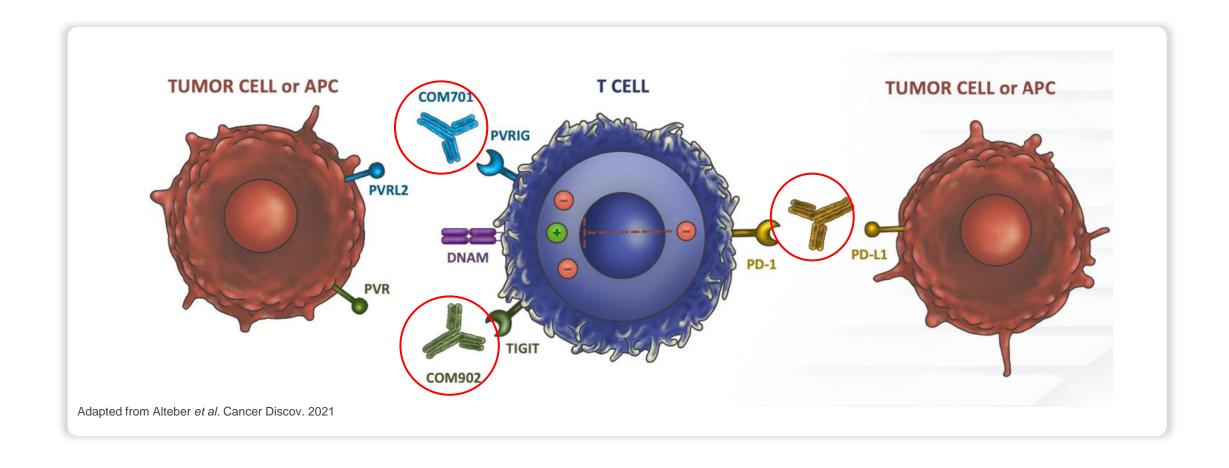


PVRIG, TIGIT and PD-1 are Players in the DNAM-1 Axis





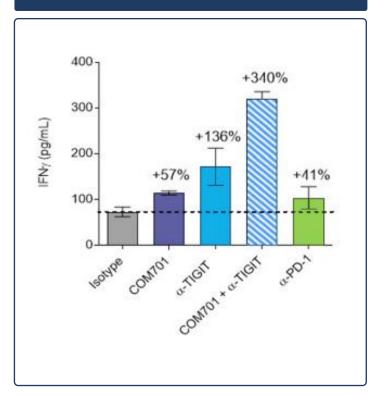
Potential Intersection Between PVRIG/TIGIT and PD-1 Pathways Support Combination Approach to Overcome Immunotherapy Resistance



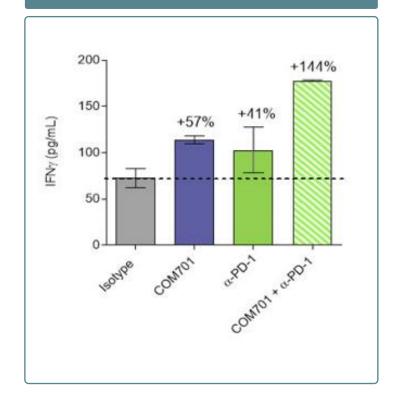


Synergistic T Cell Activation With PVRIG, PD-1 and TIGIT Blockade

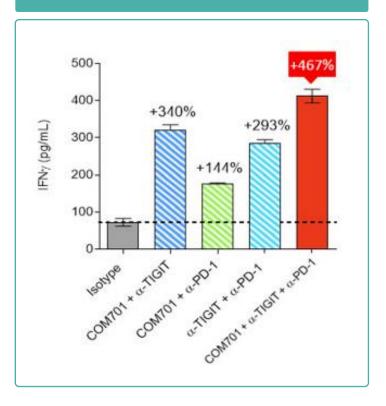
COM701 +/- anti-TIGIT



COM701 +/- anti-PD-1



Triple combination

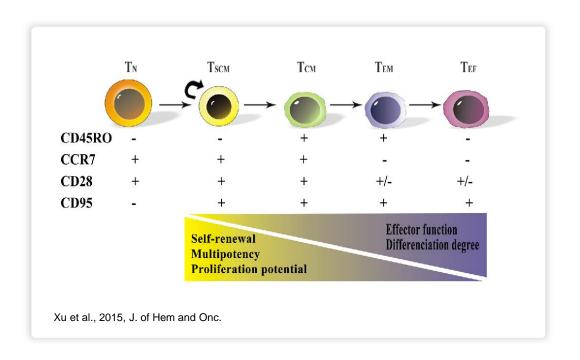


COM701 - anti-PVRIG antibody

Whelan, et al., Cancer Immunol Res. 2019



Early Differentiated T stem-like cells are Potent Inducers of Anti Tumor Activity Following Adoptive T cell Transfer



Central memory self/tumor-reactive CD8⁺ T cells confer superior antitumor immunity compared with effector memory T cells

Christopher A. Klebanoff*†², Luca Gattinoni†², Parizad Torabi-Parizi*⁵, Keith Kerstann†, Adela R. Cardones¹, Steven E. Finkelstein†, Douglas C. Palmer†, Paul A. Antony†, Sam T. Hwang¹l, Steven A. Rosenberg†, Thomas A. Waldmann , and Nicholas P. Restifo†**

Klebbanoff et al., 2005, PNAS,

Wnt signaling arrests effector T cell differentiation and generates CD8⁺ memory stem cells

Luca Gattinoni^{1,2}, Xiao-Song Zhong^{1,2}, Douglas C Palmer¹, Yun Ji¹, Christian S Hinrichs¹, Zhiya Yu¹, Claudia Wrzesinski¹, Andrea Boni¹, Lydie Cassard¹, Lindsay M Garvin¹, Chrystal M Paulos¹, Pawel Muranski¹ & Nicholas P Restifo¹

Gatiinoni et al., 2009, Nat Med

Stem-like CD8 T cells mediate response of adoptive cell immunotherapy against human cancer

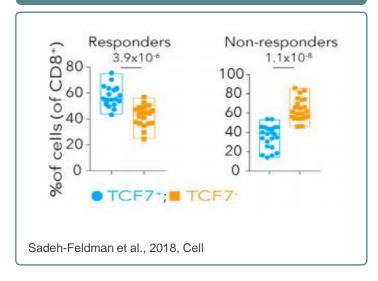
Sri Krishna¹*, Frank J. Lowery¹*, Amy R. Copeland¹, Erol Bahadiroglu², Ratnadeep Mukherjee², Li Jia³, James T. Anibal², Abraham Sachs¹, Serifat O. Adebola², Devikala Gurusamy¹, Zhiya Yu¹, Victoria Hill¹, Jared J. Gartner¹, Yong F. Li¹, Maria Parkhurst¹, Biman Paria¹, Pia Kvistborg⁴, Michael C. Kelly⁵, Stephanie L. Goff¹, Grégoire Altan-Bonnet², Paul F. Robbins¹†, Steven A. Rosenberg¹†

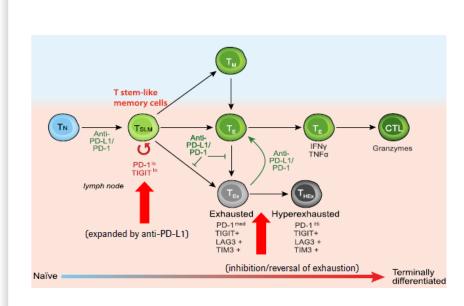
Krishna et al., 2020, Science



Growing Evidence of Early Differentiated T stem-like memory cells Importance in Response to Checkpoint Blockade

Fraction of Tscm (TCF7⁺) cells is a predictive of PD-1 response in melanoma



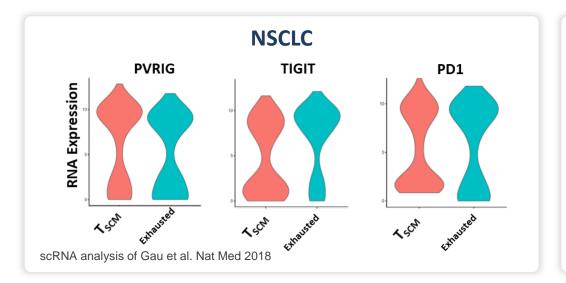


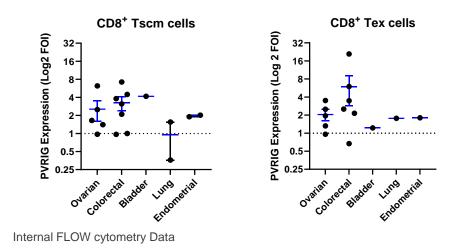
- Anti-PD-L1 expands a key population of PD-1positive Tscm which also express TIGIT
- TIGIT and PD-1 coblockade might enable optimal Tscm activation and DNAM-1 costimulation

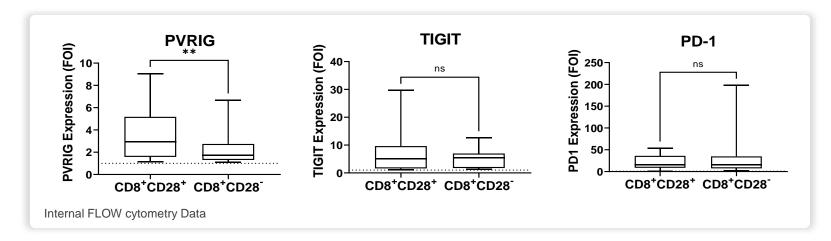
Modified from Chen and Mellman Nature 2017



PVRIG is Expressed by Early Differentiated Tscm and has Higher Expression on Early Differentiated CD8⁺ T Cells



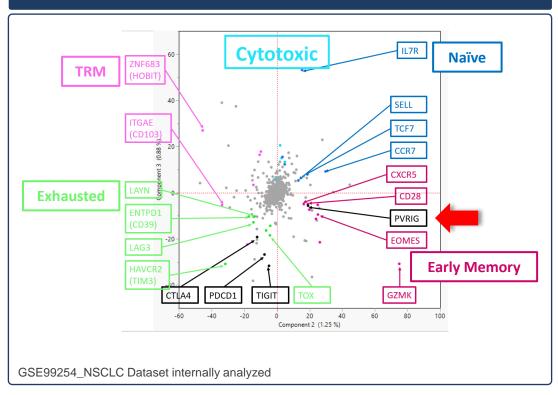




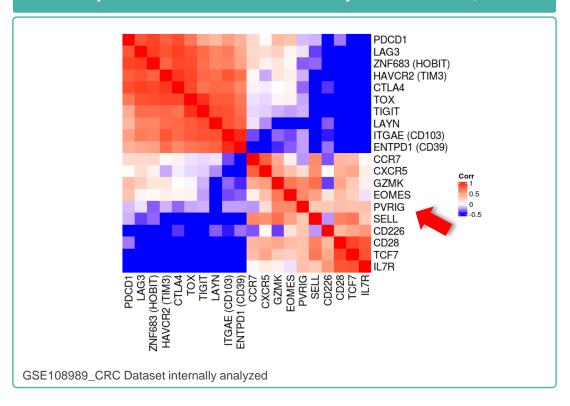


PVRIG Uniquely Clusters with Early Differentiated/Tscm Genes

PCA Analysis of CD8⁺ T cell genes, NSCLC



Unsupervised correlation analysis of scRNA, CRC

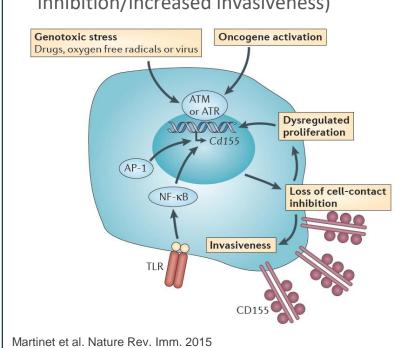




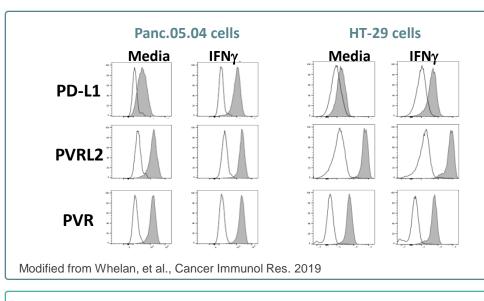
PVRL2 and PVR are Expressed in Inflamed and Non-Inflamed Tumors Types

PVR/PVRL2 on tumor cells induced by:

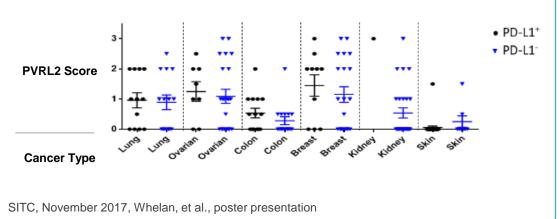
- Genotoxic stress (DNA damage, oxidative stress)
- 2. Tumorigenesis (loss of contact inhibition/increased invasiveness)



PVR/PVRL2
on tumor
cells are
not
modulated
by IFN-γ

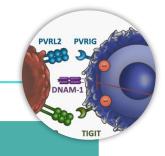


PVRL2 commonly expressed in PD-L1 negative tumors

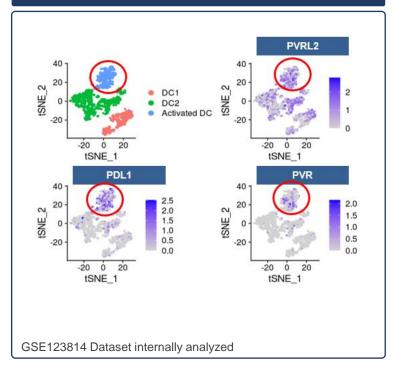




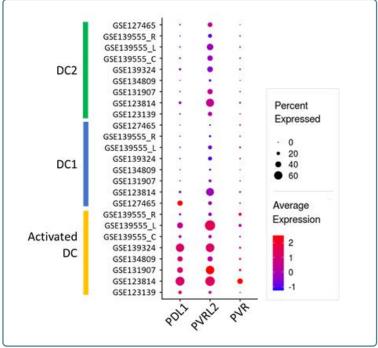
PVRL2 Has a Dominant Expression on Dendritic Cells



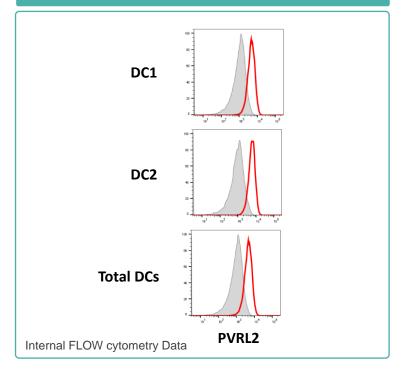
DC Population in SCC/BCC



Multiple scRNA cancer datasets

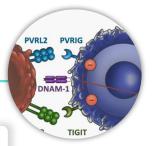


Ovarian cancer

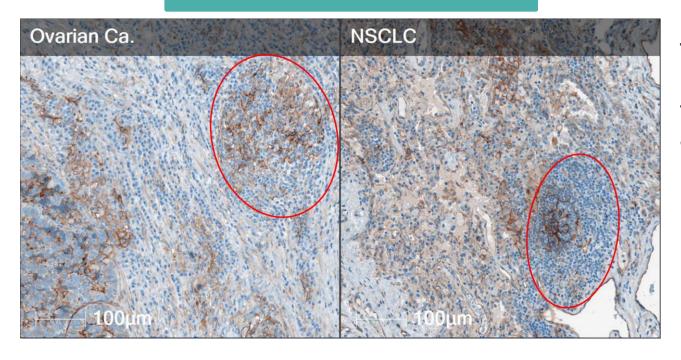




PVRL2 is Expressed in Tertiary Lymphoid Structures



PVRL2



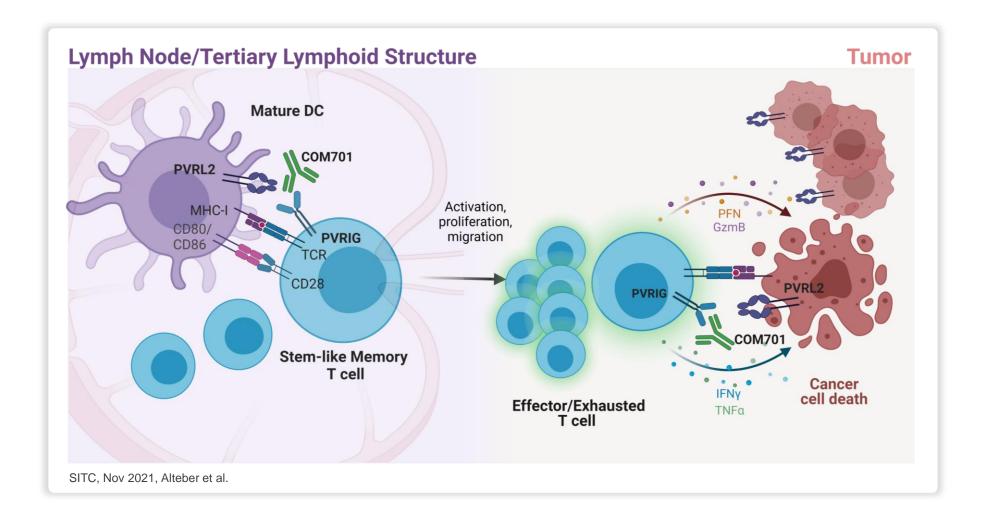
Tertiary lymphoid structures are Lymphoid Structures in the tumor bed in which local T cell activation occur

Predictive of PD-1 response

Helmink et al Nature 2020



PVRIG+ Stem-like Memory T cells Interaction with PVRL2+ DCs Hypothesis





COM701 Clinical Programs

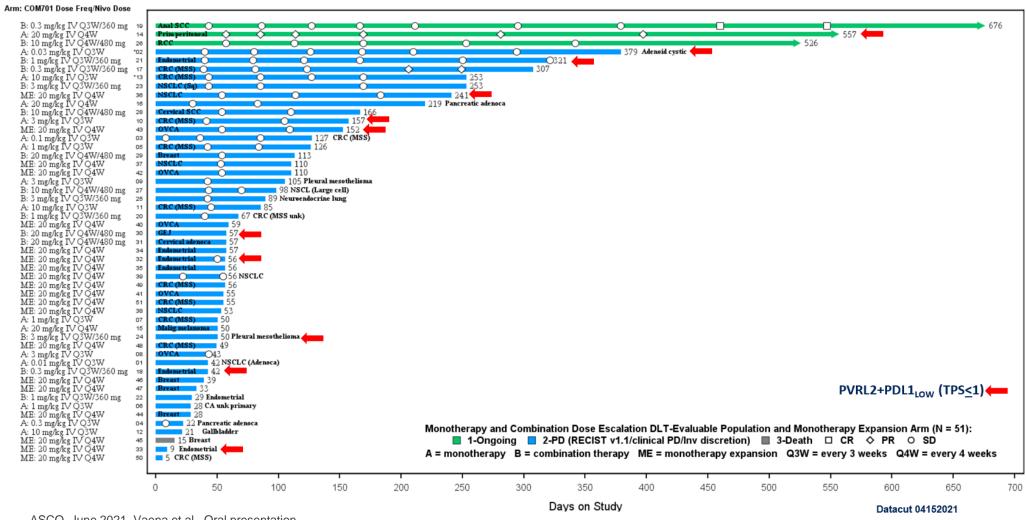
Phase 1 Arm A – Monotherapy	Identifier: NCT03667716	Phase 1 Arm B – Dual Combinatio	n with nivolumab Identifier: NCT03667716
Monotherapy Dose Escalation	Monotherapy Cohort Expansion (20 patients; progressed on 300)	Dual Combination: Escalating doses of	Dual Combination Colon Expansion (progressed on SOC)
All-comers (progressed on SOC)	Ovarian, Breast, Endometrial and CRC (MSS), NSCLC	All-comers (progressed on SOC)	Ovarian, Breast, Endometrial and CRC (MSS)
Enrollment completed; data presented at AACR '20 and ASCO June '21	Enrollment completed; data presented at ASCO June '21	Initial data presented at AACR '20; updated data presented at ASCO June '21	First patient dosed Q2 '21 N=20 per arm
Phase 1/2- Triple Combination	Identifier: NCT04570839	Phase 1 – Combination with COM	902 Identifier: NCT04354246
Triple Combination Dose Escalation Escalating doses of COM701 with fixed doses of nivolumab + BMS-986207	Triple Combination Cohort expansion	Dual Combination Evaluation for Safety/Tolerability COM902 + COM701 (both at RDFE)	Dual Combination Cohort Expansion COM902 + COM701
All-comers (progressed on SOC) Data presented at SITC Nov 2021	Ovarian, Endometrial, HNSCC, additional tumor types with high PVRL2 expression First patient dosed Q3 '21 N=20 per arm	All-comers (progressed on SOC) First patient dosed Q3 '21	HNSCC, NSCLC, CRC (MSS) First patient dosed Q4 '21 N=20 per arm

Study Objectives

Safety & Tolerability, PK/PD, Preliminary anti-tumor activity



COM701 Monotherapy and Nivolumab Combination Therapy: Swimmer Plot

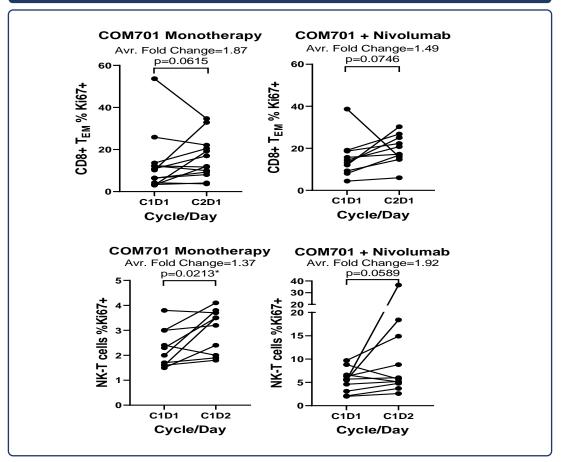




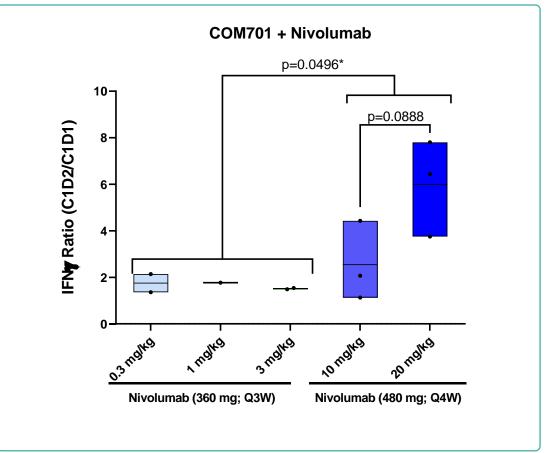


Increased Immune activation in Peripheral Blood of Patients Treated with COM701 Monotherapy and Nivolumab Combination Therapy

A trend of increasing proliferation of CD8⁺ T_{EM} (effector memory T cells) and NK-T cells in peripheral blood

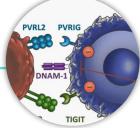


Increase in serum IFNy upon COM701+nivolumab treatment with a trend for COM701 dose dependency

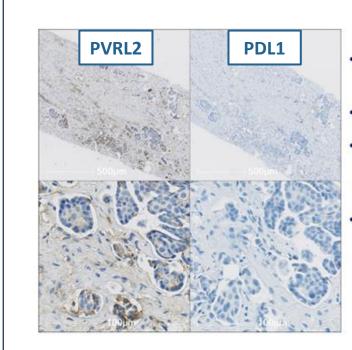




Confirmed PR in Patient with Primary Peritoneal PD-L1^{neg} Cancer Treated with COM701 Monotherapy

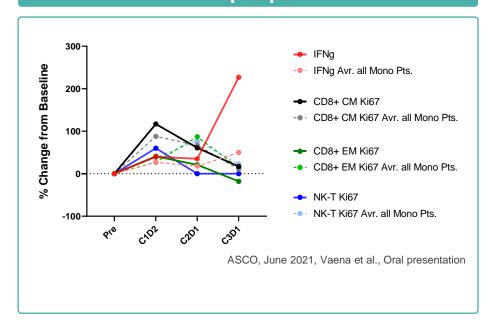


Patient received 3 prior lines of anti cancer therapy



- Pre-treatment Archival biopsy (>1 year)
- Negative PD-L1 staining
- PVRL2 expression found on tumor and endothelial cells
- Immune "desert": no immune cells detected in biopsy

Increase in IFNγ induction and immune activation in peripheral blood

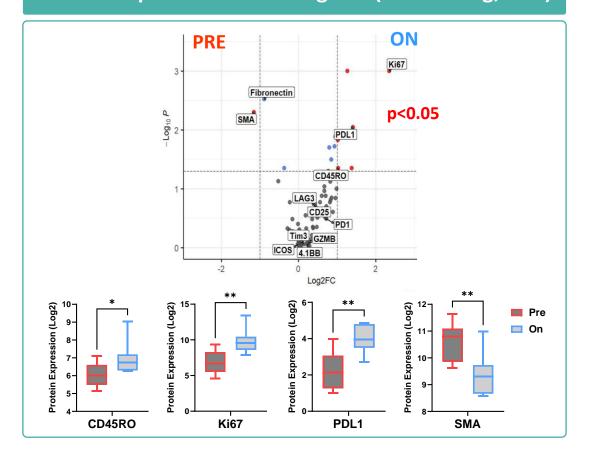




COM701 Monotherapy Induced Immune Activation in TME of Patient with Ovarian Cancer (Radiologically PD)

CD8 distribution in TME CD8 **PanCK** nuclei 0 cell >5cel % CD8 cells 5.9 1.4 Maximum CD8 Density 0.005 0.012 $(CD8/\mu m^2)$ Av. Distance Tumor-51.027 23.190

Protein expression in CD8 regions (NanoString, DSP)

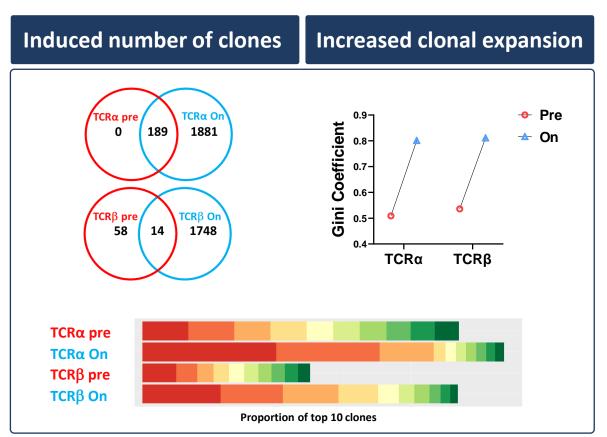




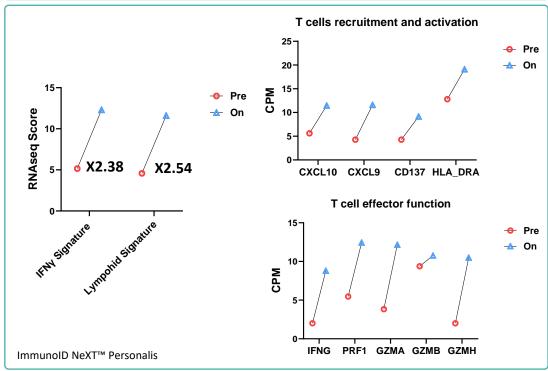
CD8 (µm)

Increased TME Immune Activation and TCR Clonality in Patient with CRC (MSS) with PR to COM701+nivolumab Combination Therapy

Patient received 4 prior lines of anti cancer therapy

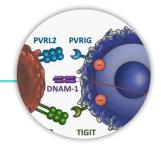


Increased Immune infiltration and activation

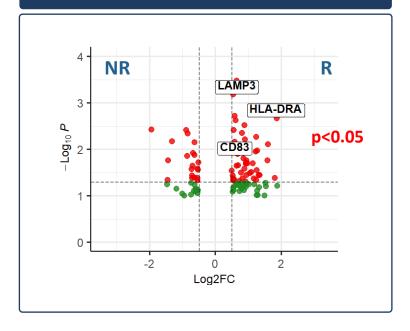


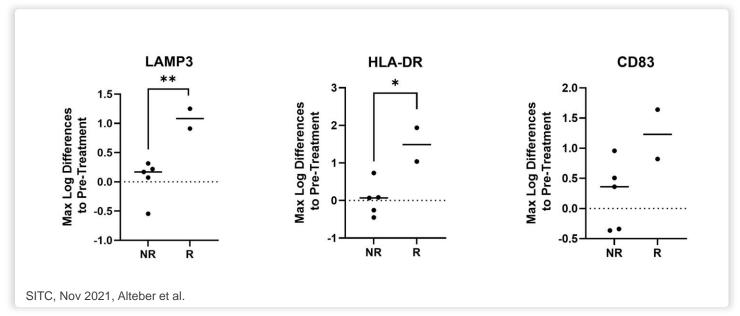


Combination of COM701+nivolumab Induced Markers of Activated DCs in Serum of 2 Responding Patients



Responders (R) vs non-responders (NR) differential gene expression





Olink® Explore 1536



Summary

- PVRIG, a novel checkpoint in the DNAM-1 axis, expressed on stem-like and exhausted T cells but has a unique dominant expression on early differentiated Tscm
- PVRL2 (ligand for PVRIG) and PVR (ligand for TIGIT) are expressed in PD-L1^{low} and PD-L1^{high} tumor types
- PVRL2 is dominantly expressed across DC types and in Tertiary Lymphoid Structures
- PVRIG blockade may enhance Tscm activation by DCs, resulting in their increased expansion and differentiation.
 A potential mechanism which could lead to increased T cell expansion and infiltration into less 'inflamed' tumors
- Preliminary data shows that COM701 (anti-PVRIG) monotherapy induced immune activation in periphery and signs of anti-tumor activity in patients with PVRL2+PD-L1^{low} tumors
- Data shows increased infiltration and activation of T cells in TME of patient treated with COM701 monotherapy
- Dual (PVRIG & PD-1) blockade resulted in increased T cell clonality and activation in TME of CRC (MSS)
 responding patient and increased induction of activated DC markers in serum of 2 patients responding to this
 therapy
- Dual (PVRIG & TIGIT or PVRIG & PD-1) and triple blockade (PVRIG & TIGIT & PD-1) clinical trials are ongoing





Our Vision

Transforming patient lives by developing first-in-class therapeutics based on Compugen's computational target discovery platform

From Code to Cure®

